



THIS PUBLICATION WAS PREPARED ON A STAR NX 1000 PRINTER USING DAVE MITCHELL'S PATCH 3.3 WITH E & F WORD PROCESSOR. HI & LO-RES SCREEN DUMPS AND LISTINGS WERE DONE USING LARRY TAYLOR'S PRINTER PATCH V1.4 AVAILABLE FROM VSOFTWAREZ WHILE PATCH3.3 IS AVAILABLE FROM HUNTER VALLEY VZ USERS' GROUP.

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SOME OF THE KNOWLEDGE I LEARNED AT ABOVE COURSE MIGHT BE OF INTEREST TO READERS AND INCIDENTALLY TO MY SURPRISE I GAINED A PASS WITH A MARK OF 70.5%.

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H.V.VZ JOURNAL SUPPLEMENT -

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NOTE - THIS SUPPLEMENT LIKE THE PREVIOUS ONE IS DESIGNED TO BE REMOVED FROM THE JOURNAL AND PLACED WITH PREVIOUS SUPPLEMENTS AND IS NUMBERED ACCORDINGLY.

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THE HUNTER VALLEY VZ USER'S GROUP EXPRESSES ITS CONDOLENCE AND SYMPHATHY TO THE NEWCASTLE EARTHQUAKE VICTIMS AS WELL AS THEIR FAMILIES AND FRIENDS. THEIR LOSS AND SORROW HAS BEEN EXTENSIVE.

OUR SINCERE SYMPHATHY ALSO TO YESTERDAY'S (17-1-1990) VICTIMS OF THE PERTH EARTHQUAKE AS WELL. SO FAR WE DON'T KNOW IF ANY LOSS OF LIFE, INJURY OR DAMAGE HAS OCCURED THERE, NEVER-THE-LESS WE AS VICTIMS OURSELVES UNDERSTAND THEIR SUFFERING AND EXTEND OUR SYMPHATHY TO THEM.

SINCERE THANKS

MY DEEPEST APPRECIATION AND THANKS FOR THE MANY LOCAL, INTRASTATE AND INTERSTATE PHONE CALLS FROM MEMBERS EXPRESSING THEIR CONCERN ABOUT MY AND MY FAMILIES WELL BEING SINCE THE EARTHQUACKE.

WE WERE AWAY IN MELBOURNE DURING THE CHRISTMAS-NEW YEAR PERIOD AND SO WE WERE SAFE. OUR HOUSE SUSTAINED ONLY MINOR DAMAGE. A CRACKED BRICK FRONT VERANDAH AND FRONT AND REAR STEPS WHICH ALL HAVE TO BE REPLACED. I COUNT MYSELF AMONG THE LUCKY ONES.

APOLOGIES

As you'll notice by this issue the Journal is two months late and I hope you accept my sincere apologies. Unfortunately some injuries from the car accident are getting worse instead of better. Besides the aches and pains I'm finding it very difficult at times to concentrate and remember things which I find very annoying.

THE NEXT ISSUE WILL BE LATE AS WELL AND I WISH TO INFORM OUR SUBSCRIBERS THAT NOBODY WILL MISS OUT ON THEIR SUBSCRIPTION AS THEY ARE CHARGED PER ISSUE, NOT TIME. IT IS HOPED THAT THAT THE JOURNAL WILL BE ABLE TO CATCH UP BY MID YEAR. PLEASE BEAR WITH US.

FEBRUARY CLUB MEETING

ON FEBRUARY 2, 1990 PETER HICKMAN AN INTRASTATE MEMBER WILL DEMONSTRATE HIS VERSION OF SERIAL INTERFACE FOR THE VZ TOGETHER WITH A MODEM. I BELIEVE PETER HAS MADE QUITE A BREAKTHROUGH AS THE DISK DRIVE CAN BE USED FOR DATA STORAGE NOW. SHOULD HAVE MORE DETAILS NEXT ISSUE. MOST OF THE LOCAL MEMBERS MYSELF INCLUDED ARE EXITED ABOUT PETER'S IMPENDING DEMONSTRATION AT OUR CLUB AND IT SHOULD BE AN INFORMATIVE AND ENTERTAINING EVENING.

VZ MOUSE

GARY BULLEY, ONE OF OUR CLEVERER MEMBERS HAS A WORKING PROTOTYPE FOR THE VZ AND IT WILL BE DEMONSTRATED AT THE CLUB AND IN DUE COURSE A DETAILED PROJECT WILL APPEAR IN THE JOURNAL.

DISCLAIMER

EVERY EFFORT IS MADE TO INSURE THE ACCURACY OF INFORMATION CONTAINED WITHIN BE IT GENERAL, TECHNICAL, PROGRAMMING, ETC. NO RESPONSIBILITY CAN BE ACCEPTED BY HUNTE VALLEY VZ USERS' GROUP OR THE AUTHOR AS A RESULT OF APPLYING SUCH FORMATION IN PRACTICE.

LOOKING AT THESE IN BINARY IT IS -

```
11111111B FFH MASK 0
001111111B 3FH MASK 1
00001111B 0FH MASK 2
000000011B 03H MASK 3
000000000B 00H MASK 4
```

CLEARLY, A LOGICAL RIGHT SHIFT OF FFH WILL PROVIDE THE MASK SEQUENCE.

FOR THOSE ASTUTE READERS, THE QUESTION OF A RIGHT TO LEFT SWEEP OF THE SCREENS SHOULD NOW BE OCCURRING! USING THE SAME TWO STARTING BYTES (B1H AND D8H) THE SEQUENCE OF BYTES IS — B1H — B8H — B8H — D8H. SIMILARLY, THE MASK SEQUENCE IS — FFH — FCH — F0H — C0H — 00H.

A LOGICAL LEFT SHIFT OF FFH WILL ACHIEVE THIS. CHECK ALL OF THIS OUT FOR YOURSELF TO CONFIRM THAT I AM NOT "SPINNING A YARN".

WELL, THAT COMPLETES THE ALGORITHM TO ALLOW HI-RES SCREENS TO PASS ACROSS ONE ANOTHER. WHAT DOES THE ASSEMBLER CODE LOOK LIKE?

HERE GOES!

```
; LEFT TO RIGHT SWEEP OF HI-RES SCREEN
SSON EQU 7000H
                  ;START OF VRAM
SBUF EQU 0F000H
                   ;START OF REPLACEMENT SCREEN BUFFER
SZSC EQU 0800H
                   SIZE OF SCREEN
LLEN EQU 20H
                   INO. OF BYTES IN ONE SCREEN LINE
NLIN EQU 40H
                   ;NO. OF SCREEN LINES
     CALL SAVR
                   ; SAVE ALL REGISTERS TO STACK
     LD IX,SBUF
                   ; POINT TO INCOMING BYTE
     LD IY,SSON
                    ;POINT TO REPLACED BYTE
     LD B,LLEN
                    ;SET COLUMN COUNTER
NCL7 PUSH BC
                    ;SAVE COLUMN COUNTER
     LD H, OFFH
                   ;PIXEL MASK TEMPLATE
    LD B.4
                   SET PIXEL COUNTER
NPX7 PUSH BC
                   SAVE PIXEL COUNTER
     SRL H
                   SHIFT MASK FOR R.H. PIXEL PRESERVATION
     SRL H
     LD A,H
                   ;PUT MASK INTO ACC.
     CPL.
                   ;NOT MASK
     LD L,A
                   ;NOT MASK IN L-REG FOR L.H. PIXEL PRESERVATION
     LD B, NLIN
                   ;SET LINE COUNTER
NLN7 LD A, (IX+0)
                   ; PUT INCOMING BYTE INTO ACC.
     AND L
                    ; MASK OUT R.H. PIXELS
     LD D,A
                   ;SAVE L.H. PIXELS
     LD A, (IY+0)
                   ; PUT REPLACED BYTE INTO ACC.
     AND H
                    :MASK OUT L.H. PIXELS
     OR D
                    ;LOGICAL ADD R.H. AND L.H. PIXELS
                    ;UPDATE SCREEN
     LD (IY+0),A
     LD DE, LLEN
                    :INCREMENT BY ONE LINE
     ADD IX,DE
                    POINT TO NEXT LINE OF INCOMING
                   ; POINT TO NEXT LINE OF REPLACED
     ADD IY, DE
     DJNZ NLN7
                   :SEE IF LINES FINISHED?
     CALL DLAY
                   ;00 A PAUSE AT END OF COLUMN
     LD DE.0-SZSC
                   ; DECREMENT TO RETURN TO TOP OF CURRENT COLUMN
     ADD IX,DE
                   :POINT TO TOP OF CURRENT COLUMN
```

POP BC ;RECOVER PIXEL COUNTER
DUNZ NPX7 ;SEE IF ALL PIXELS DONE?
INC IX ;POINT TO NEXT COLUMN
INC IY ;POINT TO NEXT COLUMN
POP BC ;RECOVER COLUMN COUNTER
DUNZ NCL7 ;SEE IF COLUMNS FINISHED?
CALL RESR ;RECOVER REGISTERS
RET ;FINISH

WELL THERE IT IS! I AM NOT GOING TO PROVIDE THE ASSEMBLER CODE FOR THE RIGHT TO LEFT SWEEP AS IT IS A SIMPLE VARIATION ON THE CODE GIVEN.

INCIDENTLY, NINE TYPES OF HI-RES SCREEN REPLACEMENTS ARE DETAILED IN AN ARTICLE BEING PRESENTED IN JOHN D'ALTON'S LE'VZ. LOOK OUT FOR THEM. ALONG WITH MY ARTICLE ON SCREEN MOVE SUBROUTINES IN HVVZUG NEWSLETTER, THERE IS NOW AN INTERESTING SET OF GRAPHICS AND ANIMATION HANDLING PRIMITIVES AVAILABLE FOR VZ USERS.

MY NEXT CONTRIBUTION IN THIS NEWSLETTER WILL CONSIST OF AN INTERRUPT-DRIVEN TECHNIQUE FOR REMOVING THAT ANNOYING HASH OR FLICKER FROM THE VZ SCREEN. (EVER PLAYED DSE'S DAWN PATROL?) THIS WILL COMPLEMENT MY SET OF CONTRIBUTIONS ON THE HI-RES GRAPHICS THEME.

IN THE MEAN TIME HAVE FUN WITH LOGIC OPERATORS AND ASSEMBLER.

LIVEN-UP ANIMATION & GRAPHICS BY BOB KITCH

7 EURELLA STREET KENMORE QLD 4069

WANT TO HAVE A UTILITY THAT DISPLAYS HIGH SPEED ANIMATION AND GRAPHICS WITHOUT FLICKER? THEN THIS IS THE PROJECT FOR YOU! READ ON!

THIS ARTICLE IS THE MOST COMPREHENSIVE AND INTEGRATED SOFTWARE PROJECT FOR THE VZ EVER ATTEMPTED IN A USERS GROUP MAGAZINE. THE PROJECT CONSISTS OF FIVE PROGRAMS - THREE WRITTEN IN BASIC (SET-UP, LOAD-UP AND THROW-UP) AND TWO WRITTEN IN ASSEMBLER (START-UP AND MOVE-UP) - RESULTING IN A PACKAGE THAT WILL "LIVEN-UP" THE USE OF THE VZ. THE GROUP OF PROGRAMS PROVIDE A UTILITY IN, WHAT I TERM, FAST BASIC. ASSEMBLER IS USED TO SPEED UP FUNCTIONS THAT ARE TOO SLOW IN BASIC. THIS MOST OFTEN OCCURS IN TWO INSTANCES - THE FIRST IS WHEN HIGH-SPEED PROCESSING IS REQUIRED, AND THE SECOND IS WHEN PRECISE CONTROL OF A PERIPHERAL IS REQUIRED. EACH ASSEMBLER PROGRAM FULFILS ONE OF THESE SHORTCOMINGS OF BASIC. (MOVE-UP AND START-UP RESPECTIVELY). NINE ASSEMBLER "PRIMITIVES" FOR SCREEN MOVES, GRAPHICS OR ANIMATION ARE PROVIDED IN MOVE-UP. THEY PROVIDE AN INTERMEDIATE INTRODUCTION TO ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAMMING.

FOR THOSE WHO CAN'T WAIT FOR THE ENTIRE GROUP OF LISTINGS TO BE PUBLISHED OVER THE COMING MONTHS, (OR CAN'T BE BOTHERED KEYING THEM IN) I AM WILLING TO PROVIDE THE ENTIRE PROJECT ON DISK FOR \$20. THIS INCLUDES ALL SOURCE AND OBJECT CODE PLUS A SET OF PICTURE FILES.

BACKGROUND TO PROJECT.

FOR SOME TIME NOW I HAVE BEEN CONTEMPLATING SOME REAL-TIME HI-RES GRAPHICS DISPLAYS ON THE VZ TO LIVEN-UP INTEREST IN THE COMPUTER. ALSO, IN A PREVIOUS ARTICLE, (SEE LE'VZ #24, PG. 3 & 4) I HAVE PROVIDED DETAILS OF HI-SPEED SCREEN MOVE SUBROUTINES. FURTHERMORE, THE ADDITIONAL MEMORY CAPACITY OF THE 64K MEMORY EXPANSION, THAT SOME USERS HAVE, HAS NOT BEEN GREATLY UTILIZED BY PROGRAMMERS. THIS ARTICLE, ACCOMPANIED BY THE SUITE OF PROGRAMS, PROVIDES SOME INSIGHT INTO THE THREE ASPECTS JUST DETAILED.

THE PROGRAMS ALLOW A PICTURE SHOW TYPE OF DISPLAY TO BE IMPLEMENTED WITHOUT CONSTANT UP-LOADING FROM DISK. THE PROGRAMS ARE WRITTEN FOR VZ'S THAT HAVE 64K MEMORY EXPANSION PACKS AND ARE DISK-BASED - ALTHOUGH THE PROGRAMS COULD BE EASILY ADAPTED TO VZ'S HAVING 16K EXPANSIONS AND TAPE UNITS.

FOR THOSE INTERESTED, THE SOFTWARE PACKAGES USED TO DEVELOP THIS UTILITY WERE AS FOLLOWS -

- -STANDARD BASIC AND DOS ROMS.
- -THE EDASM USED WAS DSE'S MODEL PATCHED WITH DISKOPS4.
- -QUICKWRITE TEXT ED ALLOWS DISKOPS SOURCE FILES TO BE HANDLED AS W-FILES.
- -THE MONITOR USED WAS FROM DISK DOCTOR AND WAS USED FOR PATCHING AND BREAKPOINTING.
- -PICTURE FILES WERE BUILT USING ART GALLERY.

DESIGN CONCEPT.

A HI-RES SCREEN ON THE VZ OCCUPIES 2048 BYTES (2K) OF MEMORY. THE 64K MEMORY EXPANSION MODULE CONTAINS FOUR BY 16K BANKS OF RAM MEMORY. WHEN PROGRAMMING IN BASIC, ONLY MEMORY BANKS 0 AND 1 ARE EASILY ACCESSED. ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAMMERS CAN ACCESS BANKS 2 AND 3, WHICH, IN FACT, OVERLAP IN ADDRESS SPACE WITH BANK 1. A FORM OF "MEMORY BANK SWITCHING" IS USED TO OVERCOME THIS OVERLAY PROBLEM.

WHEN PROGRAMMING IN BASIC, THE PROGRAM STATEMENT TABLE AND VARIABLE LIST TABLE BOTH RESIDE IN LO-MEM (GENERALLY IN BANK Ø ALTHOUGH LARGE PROGRAMS EXTEND INTO BANK 1). THE SYSTEMS AREA, CONSISTING OF THE VIDEO DISPLAY AREA AND COMMUNICATIONS AREA, ALSO RESIDE IN BANK Ø. THE DOS VECTOR, STRING AREA AND STACK ARE ALL ORGANISED, ON BOOT-UP, INTO HI-MEM LOCATED AT THE TOP OF BANK 1. THE INTERVENING AREA OF RAM IS FREE SPACE, AND AS PROGRAM DEVELOPEMENT AND EXECUTION PROCEED, THE VARIOUS TABLES (WITH SOME EXCEPTIONS) DYNAMICALLY BUILD INTO THIS FREE SPACE. SWITCHING BANKS 1/2/3, WHEN IN BASIC, NORMALLY RESULTS IN A CRASH, AS THE HI-MEM TABLES BECOME "DISMEMBERED" FROM THE LO-MEM TABLES.

IT IS POSSIBLE TO REORGANIZE AND RESTRICT THE "BASIC WORK AREA" ENTIRELY INTO BANK 0 - PROVIDED THAT THE PROGRAMS AND THEIR ASSOCIATED DYNAMIC AND STATIC TABLES ARE KEPT SHORT. MEMORY BANKS 1 TO 3 ARE THEN "RESERVED" FOR OTHER USE SUCH AS VIDEO SCREEN BUFFER AREAS. THE BASIC WORK AREA EXTENDS FROM 7AE9H TO BFFFH. THE PROBLEM OF SWITCHING BANKS WHILST RUNNING BASIC PROGRAMS BECOMES TRIVIAL AND HI-SPEED MOVES FROM HI-MEM TO THE VIDEO RAM AREA BECOME POSSIBLE BY SHORT MACHINE LANGUAGE CALLS. IT IS ALSO NECESSARY FOR THE BASIC PROGRAM TO BE ABLE TO PASS VARIABLES TO THE M/L ROUTINE - BUT THIS IS ALSO EASY TO ACHIEVE. (THE LOAD MAP FOR THE PROJECT IS PROVIDED IN THE REMARKS ON THE END OF SETUP)

THE TOP OF BANK 0 IS BFFFH. BANKS 1 TO 3 OCCUPY C000H TO FFFFH. IT IS POSSIBLE TO BUFFER EIGHT 2K HI-RES SCREENS IN EACH MEMORY BANK, MAKING A TOTAL OF 24 SCREENS THAT CAN BE STORED IN THE 64K MEMORY PACK. THE POWERFUL Z80 BLOCK MOVE ROUTINE CAN MOVE 2K OF MEMORY AROUND IN 12.16 MSEC. (THAT'S FAST!) WITH THE Z80 RUNNING AT 3.58 MHz. THE SCREEN DISPLAY IS UPDATED EVERY 20 MSEC. ALTERNATIVELY, SOME 96 LO-RES SCREENS (512 BYTES) COULD BE STORED INTERNALLY. OBVIOUSLY LOADING THE 48K OF DATA INTO THE MEMORY IS BEST ACHIEVED ON A DISK-BASED SYSTEM. ROUTINES TO HANDLE THE LOADING OF DATA AND THE SHIFTING OF DATA BETWEEN HI- AND LO-MEM (BOTH DIRECTIONS) ARE REQUIRED.

THE ABILITY TO MOVE DATA AROUND IN RAM AT THIS SPEED ALLOWS ANIMATED GRAPHICS TO BECOME A POSSIBILITY. THE TECHNIQUE IMPLIED IS NOT REAL-TIME STUFF HOWEVER. THE METHOD REALLY USES "PRE-FORMATTED" SCREENS OR "PAGES" THAT ARE PAGED INTO THE VIDEO DISPLAY AREA.

I AM SURE EVERYONE WHO HAS USED THE VZ IN HI-RES MODE WILL HAVE NOTICED . THE ANNOYING "FLICKER" ON THE SCREEN WHENEVER AN IMAGE IS UPDATED. THE CAUSE OF THIS EFFECT IS THE SUBJECT OF A FURTHER ARTICLE. IT IS SUFFICIENT TO SAY HERE. THAT THE FLICKER OCCURS WHENEVER THERE IS A CONFLICT BETWEEN THE TIMING OF A Z80 WRITE OPERATION AND A 6847 VDG READ OPERATION. BY INTERCEPTING THE INTERRUPT SIGNAL (PREVIOUSLY EXPLAINED IN LE'VZ #23, PG. 10 & 12 AND LE'VZ #24, PG. 8 & 9) AND USING A "SCREEN BUFFER AREA", IT IS POSSIBLE TO OVERCOME THE "SCREEN HASH" PROBLEM.

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION.

IT WAS DECIDED THAT THREE BASIC SUBPROGRAMS COULD ACHIEVE THE DESIRED EFFECT AND KEEP PROGRAM LENGTH SHORT.

THE FIRST BASIC PROGRAM IS CALLED SETUP AND DISPLAYS A SERIES OF INTRODUCTORY SCREENS TO THE USER. SETUP THEN CALLS THE FIRST OF THE ASSEMBLER ROUTINES CALLED STARTUP.

STARTUP CARRIES OUT A NUMBER OF FUNCTIONS THAT ARE MORE EASILY ACHIEVED FROM A LOW LEVEL LANGUAGE. AS THIS ROUTINE IS ONLY NEEDED TEMPORARILY, IT IS LOADED INTO PART OF THE HI-RES VIDEO RAM AREA. FIRST THE TOM IS LOWERED TO BFFFH AND ALL BASIC POINTERS ARE RESET ACCORDINGLY. NEXT, THE 310 BYTE DOS VECTOR IS PLACED BELOW THE NEW TOM BY JUMPING TO 4004H IN THE DOS ROM. THIS INVOKES A REBOOT OF THE SYSTEM AND THE READY MESSAGE WILL APPEAR. CONTROL IS PASSED BACK TO THE BASIC ROM AND THE DOS VECTOR AT 79ACH CALLED. TO AUTORUN THE NEXT BASIC PROGRAM CALLED LOADUP REQUIRES A SMART BIT OF PROGRAMMING AND KNOWLEDGE OF THE DOS ROM. THE SOURCE CODE FOR STARTUP DETAILS ALL. LOADUP IS BOOTED BY STARTUP.

THE SECOND BASIC PROGRAM CALLED LOADUP IS RUN NEXT. A NUMBER OF CHECKS ON THE CONFIGURATION OF THE VZ SYSTEM ARE CARRIED OUT TO CONFIRM THAT AL' IS O.K. THE BANK SWITCHING OF THE 64K PACK IS EXERCISED AND VERIFIED AS PRESENT AND OPERATIONAL. NEXT, THE FIRST 4 IDENTIFICATION BYTES (AAH, 55H, E7H, 18H) OF THE DOS ROM ARE VERIFIED TO CONFIRM THAT A DISK-BASED SYSTEM IS IN PLACE. THE BOOT-UP OF THE SYSTEM, CARRIED OUT BY THE INITIAL PROGRAM LOADER, SEEKS THESE FOUR BYTES AT 4000H, 6000H AND 8000H TO LEARN THE CONFIGURATION OF THE SYSTEM BEING BOOTED. ANY ROM CARTRIDGE INSERTED AT THESE LOCATIONS NEEDS THESE IDENTIFICATION BYTES TO BE RECOGNIZED. AFTER THIS, THE TOP-OF-MEMORY LOCATION UNDER THE DOS VECTOR IS CHECKED SO THAT NO CONFLICT ACROSS THE BANK @ TO BANK 1/2/3 ADDRESS CAN OCCUR.

LOADUP THEN FURTHER LOWERS THE TOP-OF-MEMORY TO AFFFH (THE DOS VECTOR IS NOT MOVED). THIS CREATES AN AREA OF "PROTECTED MEMORY". THE SECOND OF THE ASSEMBLER ROUTINES CALLED MOVEUP IS LOADED IN TO THIS AREA OF MEMORY. A SMALL M/L ROUTINE IS ALSO LOADED INTO PROTECTED MEMORY. FOURTEEN BYTES OF THE FAMILIAR BLOCK MOVE ROUTINE ARE LOADED IN AND THE USR VECTOR SET TO POINT AT THE START OF THIS ROUTINE. THE ROUTINE AS LOADED HAS THE HL REGISTER (SOURCE) SET TO THE START OF THE VIDEO DISPLAY RAM AT 70000H AND WHICH EXTENDS TO 77FFH (THE 2K SCREEN AREA). THE DE REGISTER (DESTINATION) IS FIRST SET TO THE BOTTOM OF BANK 1/2/3 AT C000H. THE SIZE OR BC REGISTER IS SET TO 800H OR 2K. AS THE 2K SCREEN PAGES OCCUR ON SIMPLE BOUNDARIES IN ADDRESS SPACE, (C000H, C8000H, D000H, D8000H etc.) IT IS ONLY NECESSARY TO ALTER THE MOST SIGNIFICANT BYTE OF THE DESTINATION ADDRESS AS THE 2K SCREEN FILES ARE LOADED FROM DISK. THE ADDRESS OF THIS BYTE IN THE M/L ROUTINE IS ASSIGNED IN LINE 1800 TO ENABLE THE BASIC PROGRAM TO PASS VARIABLES INTO THE M/L ROUTINE.

IT WAS DECIDED THAT THE EASIEST WAY TO PRESENT THE 24 FILENAMES FOR THE SCREENS TO BE PRESENTED TO LOADUP WAS VIA DATA STATEMENTS LOCATED IN LINES 2000 to 2080. THERE IS SCOPE TO ALTER THIS IF REQUIRED.

CONTINUED NEXT IS: JE

```
20 '***
              SET-UP
30 '*** PROGRAM I OF III
40 '*** TO LOAD 24 HI-RES ***
50 '*** SCREENS INTO 64K
60 '*** MEM. EXP.
70 '***
         BOB KITCH 6/88
                             ***
80
98
99 '***PUT UP INTRO MESSAGE.
100 GOSUB 620
110 PRINT"THIS IS THE FIRST OF A SERIES OFSUBPROGRAMS DESIGNED";
120 PRINT" TO ALLOW 24HI-RES SCREENS TO BE LOADED AND STORED ";
130 PRINT"IN A 64K MEMORY EXP. THE 2K SCREENS ARE LOADED ";
140 PRINT"VIA DOS. THE SCREENS ARE STORED IN MEM. BANKS 1 TO";
150 PRINT" 3 OF THE MEMORY EXPANSION."
160 GOSUB 600
200 PRINT" <SET-UP> LOWERS TOM TO BFFFH - THE TOP OF BANK 0."
210 PRINT"THE DOS VECTOR IS ALSO LOWERED.":PRINT
220 PRINT" <LOAD-UP> SETS THE BLOCK MOVE SECTION OF M/L IN "
230 PRINT PLACE. ALSO THE 24 HI-RES SCREENS ARE CALLEDFROM ";
240 PRINT"DATA STATEMENTS. USUALLY
                                         THESE EXIST ON A ";
250 PRINT" < PICTURE DISK > WHILST THE SUBPROGRAMS ARE ON A
260 PRINT" < PROGRAM DISK > "
270 GOSUB 600
300 PRINT" <THROW-UP> AUTOMATICALLY PAGES THROUGH THE 24 ";
310 PRINT"SCREENS. THIS IS SIMILAR TO <PICTURE SHOW>.
320 PRINT"THE SPEED AT WHICH THE PAGING
                                               OCCURS CAN BE VARIED."
330 PRINT"HI-SPEED ANIMATION IS QUITE
                                               POSSIBLE."
340 PRINT:PRINT"ALTERNATIVELY, FANCY SCREEN
                                                     MOVES CAN BE ";
350 PRINT"SELECTED.
360 GOSUB 600
400 PRINT"THE SUBPROGRAMS CHECK FOR THE
                                               64K MEM. EXP. AND DOS"
410 PRINT:PRINT"TWO A/L PROGRAMS ARE USED.
420 PRINT:PRINT" < START-UP > LOWERS THE DOS
                                                      VECTOR."
430 PRINT: PRINT" < MOVE-UP > CONTAINS THE FANCY
                                                      SCREEN MOVES."
460 GOSUB 600
498
499 '***RUN LOAD-UP PROGRAM.
500 PRINT"LOADING START-UP & LOAD-UP"
510 BRUN"STARTUP"
598
599 '***SUBROUTINE FOR NEW SCREEN.
610 A$=INKEY$:A$=INKEY$:IF A$="" THEN GOTO 610
620 CLS:PRINTa13,"因動編起論:PRINT:PRINT:RETURN
999
1000 '***CALLING SEQUENCE THROUGH PROGRAMS.
1010 'RUN T:SETUP
                      CALLS...
1020 '
         BRUN B: STARTUP
                             CALLS...
1030
           RUN T:LOADUP
                                 CALLS...
1040
             BLOAD B: MOVEUP
1050
                RUN T: THROWUP
1060
     'A/L SOURCE CODE
1070
     'SOURCE
1080
              W:START
                           OBJECT B:STARTUP
                                                 ORIGIN
                                                          7200H
1090
     'SOURCE
               W:MOVE
                           OBJECT B:MOVEUP
                                                 ORIGIN
                                                          0BC00H
1099
```

```
'***LOAD MAP FOR LIVEN-UP.
1100
                      - 3 BY 16K BANKS OF PICTURE BUFFERS.
1110
     '0C000H-0FFFFH
                       - 310 BYTE DOS VECTOR AND BUFFER.
- 14 BYTE G.P. BLOCK MOVE ROUTINE.
1120
     '0BEC8H-0BFFFH
1130
     '0BEABH-0BEB8H
     '0BC00H-0BE0FH
                       - 528 BYTE MOVEUP ROUTINES.
1140
     '0B200H-0BA00H
                       - 2K BYTE SCREEN BUFFER.
1150
                       - TOM FOR BASIC PROGRAMS.
     'ØAFFFH
1160
                       - STRING SPACE.
     '0AFCDH-0AFFFH
1170
                      - STACK.
1180
     '0AF98H-0AFCCH
     ' 849DH-0AF97H
                      - FREE SPACE.
1190
                      - DIM VAR. TABLE (NONE).
- VARIABLE TABLE.
1200
       849DH- 849DH
1210
       8481H- 849CH
                      - PROGRAM STATEMENT TABLE.
1220
       7AE9H- 8480H
                       - SOB FOR BASIC PROGRAMS.
1230
       7AE9H
                      - STARTUP ROUTINE IN HI-RES SCREEN AREA.
       7200H- 7233H
1240
     'THE BASIC PROGRAM AREA IS DESCRIBED FOR <THROWUP>.
1250
9998
9999 '***UPDATE DISK FILE.
10000 ERA"SETUP":SAVE"SETUP"
20000 END
```

WHAT COMPUTER NOW BY JOE LEON .

I GET ASKED THIS QUESTION QUITE OFTEN AND IT'S A VERY DIFFICULT ONE TO ANSWER. IT DEPENDS ON MANY FACTORS WITH THE MOST IMPORTANT TWO BEING COST AND WHAT DO YOU, NOT I WANT TO DO WITH IT. WHAT MAY SUIT ME, MIGHT BE PARTIALLY OR TOTALLY UNSUITABLE FOR YOU.

As some of you already know and by the time you read this I should be in posession of an IBM AT Compatible computer and I'LL explain my reasons for purchasing above instead of an Amiga, Amstrad, etc. For me the choice was simple as I knew what use it would be put to.

NEXT YEAR I'LL BE DOING A COMPUTER OFFICE COURSE TO ENHANCE MY JOB PROSPECTS AND HOPEFULLY LEARN SOME NEW SKILLS AS WELL. MY SON PAUL IS DOING A THREE YEAR COMPUTER PROGRAMMERS COURSE WITH TWO MORE YEARS TO GO. IN BOTH ABOVE AN IBM OR COMPATIBLE IS USED WHICH MADE MY CHOICE EASY AND OTHER FACTORS CAME INTO COSIDERATION AS WELL, EG:-

PRINTERS - MY STAR NX1000 PRINTER IS IBM COMPATIBLE AND WHEN I WAS LOOKING FOR A PRINTER I HAD IBM COMPATIBILITY IN MIND.

PCB CAD & CIRCUIT DESIGN CAD - As most of you are aware I have a very keen interest in hardware mods to the VZ, so it goes without saying that a PCB CAD (PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN) AND CIRCUIT DESIGN CAD PROGRAM WILL BE OF BENEFIT TO ME AND OTHER VZ USERS AS WELL. AT LONG LAST I LL BE ABLE TO OFFER PCB'S FOR PAST AND FUTURE HARDWARE PROJECTS THAT HAVE APPEARED OR WILL APPEAR IN THE JOURNAL.

ALTHOUGH THE IBM COMPATIBLE COST ME AN ARM AND A LEG I CONSIDER IT AN INVESTMENT IN MY AND MY FAMILY'S FUTURE, YOUR NEEDS MORE THAN LIKELY WILL DIFFER FROM MINE SO TRY TO ENVISAGE YOUR FUTURE AS WELL AS YOUR PRESENT NEEDS AND MAKE YOUR CHOICE ACCORDINGLY.

BACK-UP - THIS IS VERY IMPORTANT. NEXT TIME YOU GO TO A NEWSAGENT HAVE A LOOK AT WHAT MAGAZINES AND HOW MANY ARE AVAILABLE FOR EACH COMPUTER. THIS WILL GIVE A COOD INDICATION OF SUPPORT FOR A PARTICULAR COMPUTER.

SETTING UP A VPROG IN VIDEO MEMORY

THE MEMORY CELL BEFORE START OF A BASIC PROGRAM MUST CONTAIN A ZERO BYTE, OTHERWISE THE PROGRAM WILL NOT RUN (UNLESS YOU RUN IT FROM A LINE THAT IS NOT THE FIRST LINE OF THE PROGRAM). THAT IS WHY THE LAST BYTE OF THE COMMUNICATIONS REGION (ADDRESS 31464) IS '0'.

SO WE NEED A ZERO BYTE IN ADDRESS 29185, JUST BEFORE START OF A VPROG. WE WILL ALSO NEED ZERO BYTES IN 29186 AND 29187 TO BEGIN WITH, TO INITIALLY SET UP A NULL PROGRAM IN VIDEO MEMORY. ONE EASY WAY TO ZERO ALL OF VIDEO MEMORY FROM 29184 ONWARD IS TO ENTER THE MODE(1) COMMAND. BUT WE'LL DO IT ANOTHER WAY SINCE WE HAVE TO ALTER THE PROGRAM POINTERS ANYWAY:

POKE29185,0 <RETURN>
PRINT& <RETURN> REM THIS RESETS START POINTER TO 29186
NEW <RETURN>

REM : THIS SETS UP A NULL PROGRAM IN VIDEO MEMORY AND RESETS END POINTER, ETC. TO VIDEO MEMORY (29188)

NOW YOU CAN TYPE IN LINES OF A BASIC PROGRAM AND THE PROGRAM WILL BE PLACED IN VIDEO MEMORY FROM 29186 ON. USE THIS COMMAND FROM TIME TO TIME TO MAKE SURE THE PROGRAM DOES NOT GO BEYOND 30719:

PRINTPEEK (30969) +PEEK (30970) *256

NOW MAKE A BINARY SAVING OF VIDEO MEMORY FROM 29184 TO 30719 THUS:- BSAVE "YOURNAME", 7200, 77FF

THIS IS YOUR VPROG.

THE ERT FACILITY OF SUITE2 IS ACCESSED USING A PRINT&6 COMMAND. <CTRL> <P> THEN <SHIFT> <6> THEN <6>

A SERIES OF NUMBERS WILL THEN DISPLAY ON SIX SCREEN LINES:-

A B C D E F G H

A IS START ADDRESS OF PROGRAM MEMORY.

B IS END ADDRESS OF BASIC PROGRAM IN PROGRAM MEMORY.

C IS LENGTH OF BASIC PROGRAM.

D IS END OF SIMPLE VARIABLES LIST/START OF ARRAY VARIABLES LIST.

E IS LENGTH FROM START OF PROGRAM TO END OF SIMPLE VARIABLES LIST.

F IS END OF ARRAY VARIABLES LIST/START OF FREE MEMORY.

G IS LENGTH FROM START OF PROGRAM TO END OF ARRAY VARIABLES LIST.

H IS ADDRESS OF TOP OF MEMORY [MINUS DISK BUFFER].

I IS THE AMOUNT OF FREE MEMORY AVAILABLE.

UNTIL A BASIC PROGRAM IS RUN, D AND F EQUAL B; E AND G EQUAL C. IF THE PROGRAM DOES NOT USE ARRAYS THEN F EQUALS D AND G EQUALS E.

AS EDITOR I RECEIVE QUITE A BIT OF MAIL RANGING FROM HARD TO READ SCRIBBLED NOTES TO TYPE-WRITTEN LETTERS WITH SPOT ON PUNCTUATION, SPELLING AND LAYOUT AND QUITE A MIXTURE IN BETWEEN. SINCE MY VOLUNTARY EARLY RETIREMENT EARLIER THIS YEAR I'VE TAKEN ADVANTAGE OF ALL THE EXTRA FREE TIME TO LEARN SOME NEW SKILLS BY DOING TWO COURSES.

ONE OF THE COURSES IS A 10 WEEK KEYBOARDING (TYPEWRITING) COURSE TO ENHANCE MY JOB PROSPECTS AND SHOULD ALSO HELP ME TO PREPARE A BETTER PRESENTED PUBLICATION WITH HOPEFULLY LESS ERRORS. SINCE THE 'PUNCTUATION' FOR TYPEWRITING AND WORD-PROCESSING IS SIMILAR I THOUGHT AN ARTICLE ON THE SUBJECT WOULD NOT GO ASTRAY.

I'LL START WITH A BRIEF EXPLANATION OF INTERNATIONAL PAPER SIZES AND THEIR RELATIONSHIP TO EACH OTHER.

Α	0	_	1189	Χ	841MM	Α	6	_	148	Χ	105MM
Α	1	-	841	Χ	594MM	Α	7	_	105	X	74MM
Α	2	_	594	Χ	420MM	Α	8	_	74	Χ	52MM
Α	3	_	420	Χ	297 _{MM}	Α	9	-	52	X	37MM
Α	4	-	297	Χ	210MM	A1	0	-	37	Χ	26MM
Α	5		210	X	148mm						

BY FOLDING ANY SHEET FROM AØ TO A9 ALONG ITS LENGHT AND CUTTING IT IN HALF ALONG THE FOLD WILL PRODUCE TWO SHEETS OF NEXT SMALLER SIZE. EG: AN A3 SHEET WILL PRODUCE TWO A4 SHEETS. MOST OF YOU SHOULD BE FAMILIAR WITH THE A4 SIZE AS IT'S THE ONE USED FOR THE JOURNAL. CONVERSLY TWO A5'S SIDE BY SIDE WILL PRODUCE AN A4 SIZE. TWO TERMS ARE USED TO DESCRIBE HOW INFORMATION IS PRESENTED ON A SHEET OF PAPER WHICH ARE:

PORTRAIT - THIS TERM INDICATES THAT THE SHORT EDGE OF THE PAGE IS AT TOP LIKE IN A 'PORTRAIT' AND THE JOURNAL IS IN THIS STYLE.

LANDSCAPE - THIS TERM INDICATES THAT THE LONG EDGE OF THE PAGE IS AT TOP LIKE IN A 'LANDSCAPE' AND BUSINESS CARDS USE THIS STYLE.

THERE ARE QUITE A FEW STANDARD RULES GOVERNING THE USE OF TYPEWRITTEN OR WORDPROCESSOR GENERATED TEXT WHICH ALSO APPLY TO ADDRESSING ENVELOPES AS WELL. IN DUE COURSE I'LL COVER MOST OF THEM IN THIS AND COMING ISSUES. THE A4 SIZE WILL BE USED AS REFERENCE IN THE SERIES.

LINE SPACING - S/S, D/S AND T/S:

S/S - (SINGLE LINE SPACING) - THIS TERM INDICATES THAT THERE ARE NO CLEAR LINES BETWEEN LINES OF TEXT AS IN THIS PARARAGRAPH.

D/S - (DOUBLE LINE SPACING) - THIS TERM INDICATES THAT THERE IS ONE CLEAR LINE BETWEEN LINES OF TEXT AS IN THIS PARARAGRAPH.

T/S - (TRIPLE LINE SPACING) - THIS TERM INDICATES THAT THERE ARE

TWO CLEAR LINES BETWEEN LINES OF TEXT AS IN THIS PARAGRAPH.

LINES PER PAGE - 70 LINES WILL FIT ON AN A4 SIZE PAGE BUT IN PRACTICE YOU'LL ONLY GET ABOUT 58 LINES. THE REASON FOR THAT IS FAIRLY SIMPLE. WHEN YOU FEED A SHEET OF PAPER IN TO YOUR TYPEWRITER OR PRINTER YOU'LL FIND THAT ABOUT SIX LINES AT TOP AND BOTTOM CANNOT MOST TYPEWRITERS ARE DESIGNED THAT WAY TO LEAVE A PRINTED ON. CLEAR TOP AND BOTTOM MARGIN BUT THE NUMBER OF CLEAR LINES TOP AND BOTTOM COULD VARY ON PRINTERS.

SPEECH SYNTHESISER BY GARY BULLEY

JUST COMPLETED THE CONSTRUCTION OF A TEXT TO SPEECH HAVE SYNTHESISER AND FOUND THAT WHEN I CONNECT IT TO THE PRINTER PORT OF THE VZ AND USE THE LPRINT COMMAND SOME CHARACTERS ARE LOST DUE TO THE SLOW INPUT SPEED OF THE SYNTHESISER. TO OVERCOME THIS PROBLEM I WROTE THE SMALL PROGRAM LISTED BELOW AND THOUGHT IT MAY BE OF INTEREST TO OTHER READERS.

10 CLS:POKE30862,80:POKE30863,52

20 POKE (PEEK (30753) *256+PEEK (30752)),124

30 IFINKEYS=S\$THEN30

40 S\$=INKEY\$:S\$=INKEY\$

50 IFS\$=""THEN40

60 X=USER(X)

70 PRINTS\$;

80 S=ASC(S\$):OUT0,S:OUT1,0

90 GOTO 20

A DESCRIPTION OF THE PROGRAM IS AS FOLLOWS :-

LINE 10 CLEARS SCREEN AND POKES THE ADDRESS OF THE ROM 'BEEP' ROUTINE.

LINE 20 PEEKS THE CURRENT CURSOR POSITION (30752 30753) AND POKES THE CURSOR CHARACTER INTO THIS POSITION.

READERS MAY WISH TO USE THEIR OWN CURSOR CHARACTER HERE. SIMPLY REPLACE THE 124 WITH CURSOR CHARACTER OF YOUR OWN CHOICE.

LINE 30 HOLDS THE PROGRAM UNTIL COMPLETION OF A KEYSTROKE.

LINES 40-50 INPUTS A CHARACTER FROM THE KEYBOARD.

LINE 60 SOUNDS A BEEP AFTER A KEYPRESS.

LINE 70 PRINTS A CHARACTER ON THE SCREEN.

LINE 80 OUTPUTS AN ASCII CHARACTER TO THE PRINTER PORT AND ACTIVATES THE STROBE LINE.

LINE 90 RETURNS TO LINE 20 AND THE PROGRAM IS READY FOR MORE TEXT.

ON THE NEXT PAGE IS A DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM INCORPORATING ABOVE NEEDLESS TO SAY PROGRAM COULD BE ENLARGED AND TAKEN MUCH FURTHER AND I LEAVE IT TO YOUR IMAGINATION. HAVE FUN.

```
10 POKE30862,80:POKE30863,52:GOTO 500
20 POKE (PEEK (30753) *256+PEEK (30752)),124
30 IF INKEY$=S$ THEN 30
40 S$=INKEY$:S$=INKEY$
50 IF S$=""THEN 30 ELSE IF S$="^"THEN 500:REM ^ = SHIFT+N
60 X=USR(X)
70 PRINT S$;
80 S=ASC(S$):OUT0,S:OUT1,0
90 GOTO 20
95 :
100 DIMS$(100)
120 PRINT@74, "MACHINE GUN"
130 TD=2600:GOSUB 400
150 PRINT@138, "HELICOPTER"
160 TD=4000:GOSUB 400
170 SS$="FROG.BHBHBHBH.BHBHBHBH,BHBHBHBH..BHBHBH,BHBHBH,BHBHBH"
180 PRINT@202, "FROG"
190 TD=2700:GOSUB 400
200 PRINT@266, "SPRING"
210 SS$="SPRING.HNKNKNKNKNKNKNKNKNKNKNKNKNKNKNKNKNKNKNH"
220 TD=5000:GOSUB 400
230 PRINT@330,"RAYGUN"
250 TD=2800:GOSUB 400
260 GOTO 500
390 :
400 S=LEN(SS$)
410 FORI=1 TO S
420 OUT 0, ASC (MID$ (SS$, I, 1)):OUT 1,0
430 NEXT
440 OUT 0,ASC(CHR$(13)):OUT 1,0
450 FOR I=1 TO TD:NEXT
460 RETURN
490 :
500 CLS:PRINT035, "SPEECH SYNTHESISER DEMO"
510 PRINT@67, "----
520 PRINT@166, "[D] - DEMONSTRATION"
530 PRINT@262, "[E] - ENTER TEXT"
540 PRINT@358, "[^] - RETURN TO MENU":REM ^ = SHIFT+N
550 PRINT@396, "FROM TEXT ENTRY":SOUND 25,3
560:
570 A$=INKEY$:A$=INKEY$:IFA$=""THEN 570 ELSE X=USR(X)
580 IF A$="D" THEN C.S:RUN 100
590 IF A$="E" THEN C.S:GOTO 20 ELSE 570
```

- NOTE 1: THE TD (TIME DELAY) IN LINES 130, 160, 190, 220, 250 AND EXECUTED BY LINE 45) MAY NEED SOME ADJUSTING. THE IDEA IS 30 LEAVE A SHORT PAUSE BETWEEN THE END OF ONE SPOKEN WORD/SOUND DEMO AND THE START OF THE NEXT ONE. THE ONES IN ABOVE LINES ARE A GUIDE ONLY.
- NOTE 2: SOME OF THE ROUTINES MAY NOT WORK WITH YOUR SYNTHESISER AS THEY DEPEND TO A LARGE EXTENT ON YOUR PRINTER INTERFACE. WE TRIED THREE PRINTER INTERFACES AND EACH PRODUCED A DIFFERENT RESULT. SOME EXPERIMENTATION MAY BE NECESSARY.

			SK ROUTINE	00061		LDIR	
	; OR		9000 HEX	00062		LD	(
00003 00004		LD	01C9H HL MES1	00063 00064		LD CALL	(IY+12H),0
00005		CALL	2B75H	00065		OR	4032H A
00006	A1	CALL	0049H	00066		JR -	Ź, A5
00007		CP	0DH	00067	S1	LD	HL,MES3
00008 00009		JR LD	NZ,A1 (TV+11H) 0	00068 00069 A	۸ =	JP	END
00010		ĹĎ	HL, MES1 2B75H 0049H 0DH NZ, A1 (IY+11H), 0 (IY+12H), 0	00070	45	LD LD	L,(IY+31H) H,(IY+32H)
00011		UI	•	00071		ĹĎ	DE,0
00012			4008H	00072		LD	C,4EH
00013 00014		LD	8C,0032H 4038H	00073 A	A6	LD	B,8
00015	A2		4035H	00074 00075 A	۵7	LD RRC	A,(HL) A
00016		OR	A	00075	7/	JR	Ĉ, A8
00017		JR	4008H BC,0032H 4038H 4035H A Z,A3 HL,MES2 END	0007 <i>7</i>		INC	DÉ
00018 00019		LD JP	HL,MES2 END	00078 A	8	DJNZ	
00019	A3	INC	(TY+11H)	00079 00080		INC DEC	HL C
00021		LD	(IY+11H) A,0FH	00081		JR	NZ,A6
00022		CP	(IY+11H)	00082		PUSH	DE
00023 00024		JR	NZ,A2 4035H	00083		PUSH	
00024		OR	4030П Д	00084 00085		POP CALL	HL 0FAFH
00026		JP	NZ,S1	00086		LD	HL, MES4
00027		LD	A,0FH (IY+11H) NZ,A2 4035H A NZ,S1 (IY+11H),0 (IY+12H) 1	00087		CALL	
00028 00029				00088		POP	HL
00030		LD LD	L,(IY+31H) H,(IY+32H)	00089 00090		PUSH SRL	HL H
00031		ĹĎ	E.(IY+34H)	00090		RR	Ĺ
00032		LD	D,(IY+35H)	00092		SRL	Н
00033 00034		LD LDIR	BC,0050H	00093		RR	L
00035	A4	DI		00094 00095		SRL RR	H
00036			4035H	00096		CALL	
00037			A	00097		LD	A,2EH
00038 00039	A /1 A	JP INC	NZ,ERR	00098		CALL	033AH
00040	MAM	LD	(IY+11H) A,10H	00099 00100		POP LD	HL A,7
00041		ĈP	(IY+11H)	00101		AND	L .
00042		JR	NZ,A4	00102		INC	A
00043 00044		LD INC	(IY+11H),0 (IY+12H)	00103 00104		LD LD	B, A
00045		ĹĎ	A, 28H	00105		LD	HL,0FF83H DE,007DH
00046		CP	(IY+12H)	00106 A	9	ADD	HL, DE
00047 00048		JR	NZ, A4	00107		DUNZ	
00049		LD LD	L,(IY+31H) H,(IY+32H)	00108 00109		CALL LD	ØFAFH HL,MES5
00050		PUSH	HL	00110 E	ND	CALL	2B75H
00051		LD	(HL),0	00111		CALL	400BH
00052 00053		POP PUSH	DE DE	00112 00113 E		JP	1A19H
00054		INC	DE	00113			L,(IY+34H) H,(IY+35H)
00055		LD	BC,007FH	00115			A, (IY+12H)
00056		LDIR	DE	00116		DEC	A
00057 00058		POP LD	DE L,(IY+34H)	00117 00118			A
00059		LD	H, (IY+35H)	00119		LD LD	E,A D,Ø
00060		LD	BC,0050H	00120		LD	A, (IY+11H)

00121	CP 8	00141 * WRITTEN BY D.MITCHELL*
00122	CCF	00142 DEFB 0DH
00123	ADC HL,DE	00143 * WHEN READY PRESS RETURN
00124	AND 7	00144 DEFB 0DH
00125	INC A	00145 NOP
00126	LD B,A	00146 MES2 EQU \$
00127	LD C, (HL)	00147 *ERROR IN DIRECTORY SECTORS
00128	RLC C	00148 * TRY REFORMATTING*
00129 A13	RRC C	00149 DEFW 000DH
00130	DJNZ A13	00150 MES3 EQU \$
00131	SET 0,C	00151 *ERROR IN STATUS SECTOR TRY
00132	LD B,A	00152 * REFORMATTING*
00133	RRC C	00153 DEFW 000DH
00134 A14	RLC C	00154 MES4 EQU \$
00135	DJNZ A14	00155 * SECTORS FREE *
00136	LD (HL),C	00156 NOP
00137	JP A4A	00157 MES5 EQU \$
00138 MES1	DEFB 1FH	00158 *K FREE*
00139 *	CHECK DISK*	00159 DEFW 0D0DH
00140	DEFB ØDH	00160 NOP

CHECK DISK OPERATION EXPLAINED BY

DAVE MITCHELL

I WILL ATTEMPT TO EXPLAIN HOW "CHECK DISK" (CHKDSK) OPERATES.

AFTER A DISK IS INITIALIZED OR FORMATTED THE DRIVE HEAD IS MOVED THE DOS THEN READS THE IDENTIFICATION ADDRESS MARK TO ZERO. TRACK AND SECTOR NUMBERS WITH WHAT IS IN THE DOS COMPARES THE COMMUNICATION RAM IF ALL IS OK THEN THE NEXT SECTOR NUMBER IS THIS CONTINUES UNTIL ALL SECTORS ARE CHECKED AND THE DRIVE CHECKED. HEAD MOVED TO THE NEXT TRACK AND THE PROCESS IS STARTED OVER IS DONE UNTIL ALL TRACKS ARE CHECKED OR IF A SECTOR AGAIN. THIS NUMBER IS NOT FOUND THEN THE INPUT/OUTPUT ERROR IS PRINTED.

GREAT, BUT ONLY THE IDENTIFICATION ADDRESS MARK WAS CHECKED WHAT ABOUT THE REST OF THE FORMAT? SORRY NO CHECKS ARE DONE AND THIS IS HOW THE I/O ERRORS HAPPEN WHEN SAVING AND LOADING FROM DISK.

CHECK DISK READS THE WHOLE FORMAT AS IF IT WAS LOADING A PROGRAM FROM DISK AND IF A SECTOR HAS AN ERROR THEN THAT SECTOR IS WRITTEN TO THE TRACK MAP AS BEING USED. BY LOCKING OFF THE REJECTED SECTORS FROM USE HOPEFULLY WE CAN SLOW THE 1/O ERRORS DOWN. D'ONT HOLD YOUR BREATH WHILE CHECK DISK IS OPERATING AS IT TAKES QUITE SOME TIME AND WILL TAKE LONGER THE MORE SECTORS CANNOT BE FOUND.

LETS PULL THE SOURCE CODE APART

00001 ;CHECK DISK ROUTINE 00002 ;SELECT DRIVE 00004 CALL 01C9H 00005 LD HL,MES1 00006 CALL 2B75H

LINES 4.5 & 6 CLEARS THE SCREEN AND PRINTS THE SIGN ON MESSAGE (MES1). 00007 A1 CALL 0049H

LINE 7 IS UNUSUAL AS NOT MANY PEOPLE USE THIS CALL, IT SCANS THE KEYS BUT DOES NOT RETURN TO THE CALLER UNTIL A KEY IS PRESSED.

00008 00009 00010 00011 00012 00013 00014 00015 00016	CP JCP JCP JCP JCD JCD JCD JCD JCD JCD JCD JCD JCD JCD	0DH Z,A1A 32H Z,TWO 31H NZ,A1 A,10H T1 A,80H AF
00018 00019 00020 00021 00022 00023 00024 00025 00026	DI CALL LD OR JR LD CALL	4008H A,(IY+20) A Z,T2 B,A 403EH 400BH

LINES 8 TO 27 THIS IS MY WAY OF STOPPING THE DRIVES FROM BASHING. IF YOU SELECT THE OTHER DRIVE AND THE HEAD IN A DIFFERENT LOCATION, DOS WILL RESET THE HEAD BUT BY RESETTING THE HEADS TO TRACK ZERO , I AVOID THIS PROBLEM.

```
00028 A1A
           LD
                  (IY+11H).0
00029
            LD
                  (IY+12H).0
00030
            DI
00031
            CALL 3450H
00032
            CALL 4008H
00033
            LD
                 BC,0032H
            CALL 4038H
00034
00035 A2
            CALL 4035H
00036
            0R
00037
            JR
                 Z,A3
00038
            LD
                 HL, MES2
00039
            JP
                 END
```

LINES 28 TO 39 CHECKS THE DIRECTORY FOR AN ERROR . IF THE PROGRAM FOUND PRINTS MESSAGE 2 (MES2) AND JUMPS TO BASIC.

```
00040 A3
            INC
                  (IY+11H)
00041
            LD
                  A. ØFH
00042
            CP
                  (IY+11H)
            JR
00043
                  NZ.A2
00044
            CALL 4035H
00045
            OR
                  Α
00046
            JP
                  NZ.S1
```

LINES 40 TO 46 CHECK THE TRACK MAP SECTOR OR AS YOU KNOW IT THE STATUS.

AGAIN IF AN ERROR IS FOUND PROGRAM IS DIRVERTED TO THE S1' WHICH PRINTS MESSAGE 3 (MES3) AND JUMPS TO BASIC.

```
00047
            LD
                  (IY+11H),0
00048
            LD
                  (IY+12H),1
00049
            LD
                  L,(IY+31H)
                  H, (IY+32H)
00050
            LD
00051
            LD
                  E_{\star}(IY+34H)
00052
            LD
                  D, (IY+35H)
00053
            LD
                  BC,0050H
00054
            LDIR
```

LINES 49 TO 54 MOVES THE TRACK MAP INTO THE MAP BUFFER SO IT IS NOT OVER WRITTEN.

```
00055 A4
            DI
            CALL 4035H
00056
00057
            OR
                 Α
00058
            JP
                 NZ, ERR
00059 A4A
           INC
                 (IY+11H)
00060
            LD
                 A.10H
            CP
00061
                 (IY+11H)
00062
            JR
                 NZ,A4
00063
            LD
                 (IY+11H),0
00064
           INC
                 (IY+12H)
00065
           LD
                 A,28H
00066
           CP
                 (IY+12H)
00067
            JR
                 NZ,A4
```

LINES 55 TO 67, THIS IS THE MAIN PART OF THE PROGRAM. EVERY TRACK/SECTOR FROM TRACK ONE TO THIRTY NINE IS READ INTO MEMORY. LINES 57 & 58 ARE THE ERROR CAPTURE THE OR A TESTS THE A REGISTER AND SETS THE ZERO FLAG AND LINE 58 JUMPS TO THE ERROR (ERR) ROUTINE IF IT IS NOT ZERO (NZ).

```
00068
            LD
                  L_{\star}(IY+31H)
00069
            LD
                  H.(IY+32H)
00070
            PUSH HL
00071
            LD
                  (HL),0
00072
            POP
                  DE
00073
            PUSH DE
00074
            INC
                  DE
00075
            LD
                  BC,007FH
00076
            LDIR
00077
            POP
                  DE
                  L, (IY+34H)
00078
            LD
00079
            LD
                  H, (IY+35H)
00080
            LD
                  BC,0050H
00081
            LDIR
```

```
LINE 68 TO 81 CLEARS THE DATA BUFFER AND MOVES THE
                                                               00131 END CALL 2B75H 00132 CALL 400BH
    TRACK MAP INTO THE DATA BUFFER
                                                               00133
                                                                                JP
                                                                                         1A19H
    SO IT CAN BE SAVED TO DISK.
                                                                     LINES 90 TO 133 WORKS OUT
             CALL WP

AND PRINTS THE STATUS TO THE LD (IY+11H), 0FH

SCREEN TURNS OFF THE DRIVE AND JUMPS TO BASIC.
    00082
    00083
    00084
                    CALL 4032H
    00085
                    OR
                                                               00134 ERR LD
    00086
                            Α
                                                                                      L,(IY+34H)
    00088 S1 LD HL.MES3
00089 JP END
                     JR
                             Z, A5
                                                               00135
                                                                        LD
    00087
                                                                                        H_{*}(IY+35H)
                                                             00136 LD
00137 DEC
00138 SLA
00139 LD
00140 LD
00141 LD
00142 CP
00143 CCF
00144 ADC
00145 AND
00146 INC
00147 LD
00148 LD
00149 RLC
                                                                                        A, (IY+12H)
                                                               00136
                                                                                LD
                                                                                        Α
                                                                                        Α
          LINES 82 TO 89 CHECKS FOR TE PROTECT AND WRITES TO (), IF ALL WELL MESSAGE 3 () WON'T BE PRINTED.
                                                                                         E,A
                   00

00

001

0014

0014

00148

00150

00150

00150

00151

00152

JNZ A7

1NC HL

00154

DEC C

JR NZ, A6

PUSH DE

PUSH DE

PUSH DE

PUSH DE

PUSH DE

PUSH DE

PUSH HL

LL ØFAFH

HL, MES4

L 2B75H

HL

HL
    WRITE PROTECT AND WRITES TO
                                                                                        0.0
    DISK, IF ALL WELL MESSAGE 3
                                                                                        A.(1Y+11H)
    (MES3) WON'T BE PRINTED.
    00090 A5
                                                                                        HL, DE
    00091
                                                                                        7
    00092
                                                                                        Α
    00093
                                                                                        B.A
    00094 A6 LD
                                                                                        C,(HL)
    00095
    00096 A7
                  RRC A
                                                               00150 A13 RRC C
                                                                                DUNZ A13
00097
    00098
                                                                                SET 0,C
                                                                                LD
                                                                                        B,A
                                                                                RRC
                                                               00155 A14 RLC C
                                                              00156
00157
00158
                                                                                DUNZ A14
                                                                                LD
                                                                                        (HL),C
                                                                                JΡ
                                                                                        A4A
                                                                    LINES 134 TO 158, THIS IS
                                                              THE ERROR (ERR) TRAP ROUTINE
                                                              BUT ACTUALLY IT IS THE ROUTINE
                                                              THAT WRITES TO THE TRACK MAP
                                                              BUFFER AND WORKS OUT THE
                                                               TRACK/SECTOR THAT HAS BEEN
                                                              00159 WP IN 00160 BIT
                                                                                        A.(13H)
                                                                                BIT
                                                                                        7,A
                            L 00161 RET Z
0FAFH 00162 CALL 400BH
A,2EH 00163 EI
033AH 00164 LD HL,WP1
HL 00165 CALL 2B75H
A,7 00166 LD HL,WP2
L 00167 CALL 2B75H
A 00168 FA LD A.(7AA
B,A 00169 OR A
HL,0FF83H 00170 JR NZ,FA
DE.007DH 00171 K2 CALL 0049H
HL,DE 00172 CP 0DH
A9 00173 JR NZ,K2
0FAFH 00174 DI
HL,MES5 00175 CALL 3450H
                                                                                        Z
                                                               00161
                                                                                RET
                                                                                        HL, WP1
                                                              00165 CALL 2B75H
00166 LD HL.WP2
00167 CALL 2B75H
                                                                                        HL, WP2
                                                                                        A. (ZAAFH)
   00125
                    LD
   00126
                    LŪ
   00127 A9
                    ADD HL, DE
DJNZ A9
    00128
                     CALL OFAFH
    00129
```

LU HL, MESS

00130

00176	CALL	4008H
00177	LD	BC,0032H
00178	CALL	4038H
aa179	RFT	

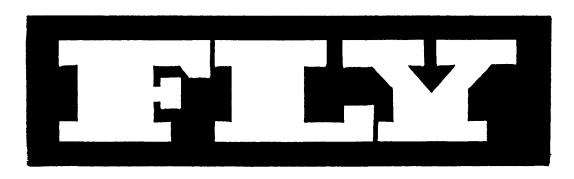
LINES 159 TO 179 ARE THE WRITE PROTECT ROUTINE, IF THE DISK IS WRITE PROTECTED THE PROGRAM WAITS FOR THE USER TO REMOVE THE WRITE PROTECT LABEL AND PRESS THE RETURN KEY. YOU WILL ALSO NOTICE I HAVE MADE USE OF THE ROUTINE AT 0049 HEX AGAIN. IF YOU DON'T REMOVE THE WRITE PROTECT LABEL AND PRESS THE RETURN KEY, THE PROGRAM WILL GO THROUGH THE PROCEDURE OF SAVING THE TRACK MAP TO DISK BUT IT WILL NOT HAPPEN DUE TO THE HARDWARE OR CIRCUIT OF THE DRIVE.

```
00180 MES1 EQU $
                 CHECK DISK*
00181 *
00182
           DEFB ODH
00183 *
           WRITTEN BY D.MITCHELL*
00184 WP2
           DEFB ODH
00185
          WHEN READY PRESS RETURN
00186
           DEFB ODH
00187
           NOP
00188 MES2 EQU
00189 *ERROR IN DIRECTORY SECTORS
00190 * TRY
             REFORMATTING*
00191
           DEFW 000DH
00192 MES3 EQU
00193 *ERROR IN STATUS SECTOR TRY
00194 *
             REFORMATTING*
00195
           DEFW 000DH
00196 MES4 EQU
00197 * SECTORS FREE
00198
           NOP
00199 MES5 EQU
00200 *K FREE*
           DEFW 0D0DH
00201
00202
           NOP
00203 WP1
           EQU
           DEFB ODH
00204
00205 *REMOVE WRITE PROTECT LABEL*
00206
           NOP
```

LINES 180 TO 206 ARE ALL THE MESSAGES USED IN CHECK DISK. I HOPE I HAVE SHONE AT LEAST A DIM LIGHT ONTO HOW THE PROGRAM WORKS. DAVE.

GRAPHIC PUZZLE REVEALED . .

SOME OF OUR READERS GOT IT STRAIGHT AWAY, OTHERS TOOK A BIT LONGER WHILE THERE COULD BE SOME STILL WORKING ON IT. ONE GLANCE BELOW AND ALL SHOULD BE CLEAR. WHITE LETTERS ON A WHITE BACKGROUND MISLED SOME OF YOU.



CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE HUNTER VALLEY VZ JOURNAL :-

IF YOU ARE THINKING OF CONTRIBUTING TO THE JOURNAL THE PREFERED FORMAT IS BASIC LISTINGS, WORD PROCESSOR OR SOURCE CODE FILES ON TAPE OR DISK. FILES FROM THE FOLLOWING WORD PROCESSORS CAN BE ACCEPTED :-

E & F TAPE OR DISK PATCH 3.1-3.3, WORDPRO CARTRIDGE, WORDPRO PATCH AND ALL QUICKWRITE WORD PROCESSOR FILES.

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FIRST FRIDAY OF MONTH - NO MEETING IN JANUARY 1990

VENUE - JESMOND NEIGHBOURHOOD CENTRE MORDUE PARADE JESMOND (REAR STOCKLAND MALL - BIG W)

FEBRUARY 2 - MODEM & SERIAL INTERFACE DEMO BY PETER HICKMAN MARCH 2 - IBM PC COMPATIBLE

APRIL 6 - VZ MOUSE BY GARY BULLEY

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PATCH 3.3 WRITTEN BY DAVE MITCHELL WILL CONVERT YOUR E & F TAPE WORD PROCESSOR FOR FULL DISK USE WHILE RETAINING ALL ORIGINAL FUNCTIONS. BELOW ARE ADDED DISK COMMANDS & FUNCTIONS :-

LOAD, SAVE, ERASE, RENAME, DIRECTORY, INITIALIZE, UPDATE, DRIVE 1 & 2. SHIFTLOCK & IMBEDDED PRINTER CONTROL CODES PLUS CTRL+P WHICH BYPASSES PRINT MENU AND PRINTS TO SCREEN OR PRINTER. A ROUTINE IS ALSO PROVIDED TO CONVERT YOUR BASIC PROGRAM OR SOURCE CODE FILES INTO WORD PROCESSOR FILES.

PATCH 3.3 HAS PROVISION FOR IMBEDDING PRINTER CONTROL CODES IN TEXT AND FAST SAVING AND LOADING OF TEXT DATA TO AND FROM DISK USING BLOCK SAVE/LOAD TECHNIQUES. PRINTER CONTROL CODES CAN BE SAVED TO TAPE OR DISK.

BSTWP.F - THIS UTILITY PROVIDED WITH PATCH 3.3 WILL CONVERT BASIC PROGRAMS AND ED/ASS. SOURCE CODE FILES INTO WORD PROCESSOR FILES.

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS - VZ 300 + 16K RAM PACK - VZ 200 + 26K

PATCH 3.3 IS COPYRIGHT TO AND ONLY AVAILABLE FROM :-HUNTER VALLEY VZ USERS' GROUP P.O.BOX 161 JESMOND 2299 N.S.W. AUSTRALIA - PHONE JOE LEON (049) 51 2756

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FOR MORE INFORMATION WRITE TO H.V.VZ.U.G. ENCLOSING A SSAE.

EXTENDED DOS V1.3 - \$15.00

UPDATED VERSION WITH EXTRA COMMANDS ADDED :-

OLD COMMANDS - MERGE, DIRA, LDIRA, DIRB, LDIRB, OLD, OLD., DEC, HEX, STATUSA AND LSTATUSA. STATUSA AND LSTATUSA ALSO WORKS WITH VERSION 1.0 DOS.

NEW COMMANDS :-

MENU - LOADS AND RUNS BINARY OR TEXT MENU PROGRAM FROM DISK. - SIMPLIFIES USING PRINTER CONTROL CODES DIRECTLY OR FROM CODE WITHIN A PROGRAM.

LTAB - IS FOR SETTING OF LEFT MARGIN.

MOVE - MOVES BASIC FILE FROM DISK TO CHOSEN MEMORY ADDRESS.

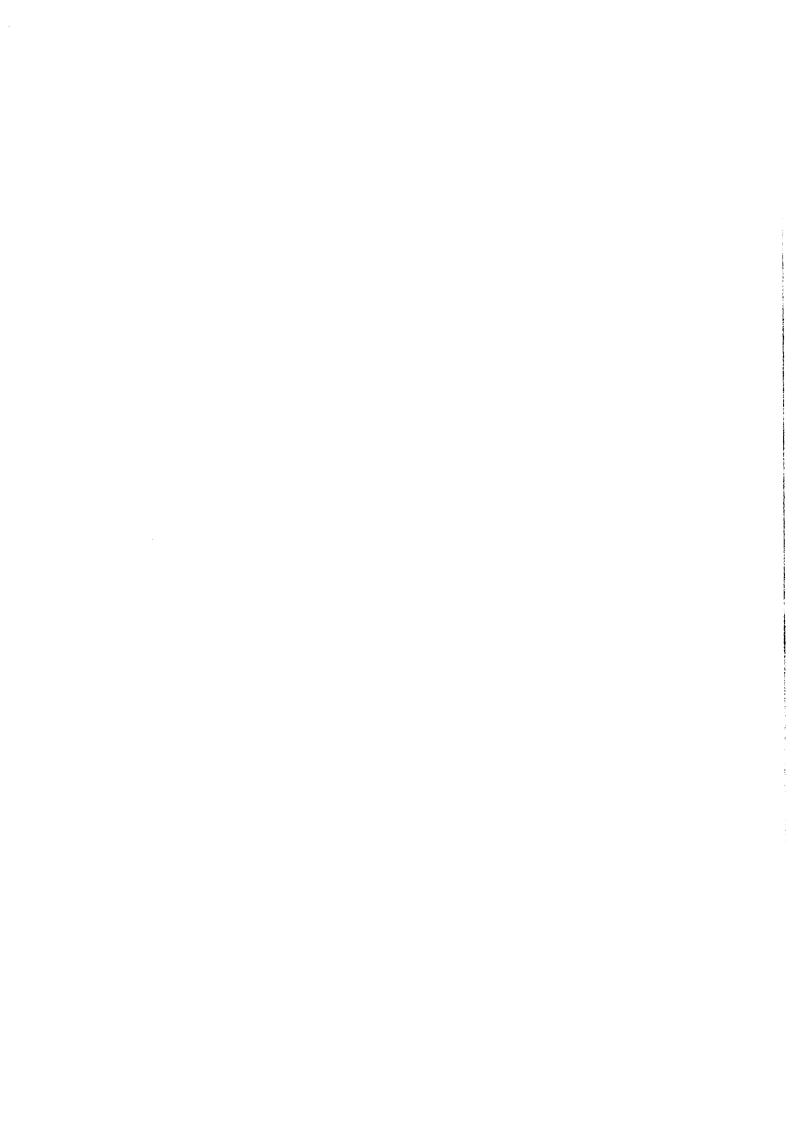
UPD - ERASES OLD FILE AND SAVES WITH SAME FILE NAME.

MENU/FILE COPIER - \$15.00

THIS UTILITY WILL READ YOUR DISK DIRECTORY AND PRESENT YOU WITH SEVERAL OPTIONS. USING THE CURSOR YOU CAN RUN/BRUN ANY PROGRAM OR SELECT FILE COPY, REN, ERASE, DRIVE 1 OR 2, ETC. BESIDES COPYING TEXT AND BINARY FILES ALL OTHER FILES CAN BE COPIED AS WELL EXEPT FOR DATA FILES.

FOR PURCHASE OR INFORMATION CONTACT DAVE MITCHELL - (079) 27 8519 24 ELPHINSTONE ST. NORTH ROCKHAMPTON QUEENSLAND 4701

FOR INFORMATION OR DEMONSTRATION IN NEWCASTLE AREA CONTACT :-JOE LEON - (049) 51 2756 - 22 DRURY STREET WALLSEND NSW 2287



TEST SUBROUTINE FOR PRESENCE OF CODE SEQUENCE--FOUR BYTES

1780 LD			62	
		н, тан АА 	170	170 IS THE FIRST TEST BYTE
17 8 2 CP			190	IS BYTE AT ADDRESS IN HL REGISTERS = 178?
1703 INC			35	NEXT ADDRESS
1704 RET			192	RETURN IF BYTE IS NOT '170'
1705 CPL	6A9	2 F	47	ELSE COMPLEMENT BYTE IN ACCUMULATOR
1706 CP			198	IS BYTE AT SECOND ADDRESS IN HL REGISTERS = NEW BYTE IN ACCUMULATOR?
1707 INC			35	NEXT ADDRESS
1708 RET			192	RETURN IF BYTES ARE NOT EQUAL
LD		A,#E7	62	'231' IS THE THIRD TEST BYTE
1718			231	
CP .		(HL)	198	IS BYTE AT THIRD ADDRESS IN HL REGISTERS = '231'?
1712 INC	6B8	23 .HL		FOURTH AND FINAL ADDRESS
1713 RET	6B1		192	RETURN IF BYTES ARE NOT EQUAL
CPL				ELSE COMPLEMENT BYTE IN ACCUMULATOR
1715 CP	6B3	BE (HL)	•	AND COMPARE IT WITH BYTE AT ADDRESS IN HL REGISTERS
1716 INC	6B4	23 HL		ADDRESS IN HL REGISTERS IS NOW FIRST ADDRESS BEYOND FOUR TEST LOCATIONS
1717 RET	6B5	C8 NZ		RETURN IF TWO BYTES ARE NOT EQUAL
1718 EI	686	FB		ELSE ENABLE INTERRUPTS
	687	E9	233	AND JUMP TO ADDRESS IN HL REGISTERSTHE IPL SEQUENCE IS TERMINATED

[PL SEQUENCE DECODING CONTINUED . . 27/25

A	CALLED	FROM #F	9					23 HL	35	ONE ENTRY FOR EACH ALPHA
A	6939	154D	24	42	178A4 = 30884:	7020	186C	19	16	CHARACTER. LOOP UNTIL
STOLE 1508 C0	تا ـ:		HL,(#78A4)			DJNZ		\$ -5		
Page 1958 CO	6990		A4	154	GET START OF PROGRAM					JUMP TO 7017 TABLE DONE
Sept 1558 CD 295 TOR A TOR A TOR A TOR A TOR A TOR A TOR A TOR TOR A TOR A TOR A TOR A TOR A TOR TOR A TOR					FROM COM. REGION POINTER					
SP35 F9									175	ZERD ACCUMULATOR
Fig.										
10				248	#1DF8 = 7672:	7923	1 B A F	32	58	#78F2 = 30962:
1976 1976 1976 1976 1976 1976 1976 1977 1977 1976 1977						LD	100.	(\$78F2).A	•••	
1976 1976 1976 1976 1976 1976 1976 1977 1976 1976 1977 1978 1977 1978	=====	=:=====		====		7024		F2	242	FLAG NO ERROR FOR RESUME
1976 1976 1976 1976 1976 1976 1976 1977 1977 1976 1977				58		7025		78	129	
6976 1856 77										
LO									111	ZERO
B					AUTO INPUT FLAGNO AUTO	LD		L,A		
LD					TERO THE FIRST TWO CELLS	2027	1077		107	ui occietere
1879 1857 23 35 DF PROGRAM NEMORY—31453 7028 1874 22 34 878F8 = 39968; 18C				117	TOWN THE LINES IND DEED				102	HE REDISIENS
1857 23 35 DF PROGRAM MEMORY—31455 7828 1874 22 34 7858 = 39948: 18C										
THE	6999	1857	23	35	DE PROGRAM MEMORY31465					#78F8 = 199AR+
7008 1858 77					ar i nadimir namam varios					47018 - JB700.
The color of the						7829		FR	249	ZERO ON ERROR ADDRESS IN
Color Colo	7000	1.858	77	119	AND 31466, THEN	7027		78	128	#78F0/F1 OF COM. REGION
7831 1877 22 34 \$7877 = 38967; ZERO 1860	LD		(HL),A		•					
Table 1859						7931	1877	2 2	34	#78F7 = 30967: ZERO
The color of the	7001	1.859	23	35	SET POINTER TO START OF					
7802								F7	247	POINTER TO NEXT STATEMENT
1898 22 34 VARIABLE LIST TABLE						7077				
7085	7002	::B5A	22	34	VARIABLE LIST TABLE					
7085	LD		(#78F9),HL			7034	187A	2A	42	#78B1 = 39897:
7805 1850	7003		. F9	249	#/dr7 = 30707; 10 3140/,	LD		HL,(#78B1)		
7805 1850 2A 42 RECOVER START OF (NULL) 7806 A4 164 PROGRAM FROM POINTER LD (\$7.806), HL 7807 78 128 \$7.804 = 38984 7038 D6 214 POINTER TO NEXT AVAILABLE 7808 1860 2B 43 BACKSPACE TO 31464-LAST DEC HL 7809 1861 22 34 LOCATION IN COM. REGION 7041 91 145 CALL RESTORE ROUTINE TO 7810 DF 223 \$7.806/EB IS POINTER TO 7811 78 128 PROGRAM START WHEN RUN 7042 1D 29 PUT 31464 IN DATA POINTER TO11 78 120 PROGRAM START WHEN RUN 7043 1883 2A 42 \$7.86F9 = 389.69; TO12 1864 06 6 LOAD 26 CELLS IN COM.REG. 7044 F9 249 GET END OF BASIC PROGRAM- TO13 1A 26 FOR VARIABLE DECLARATION TO15 01 1 \$7.991 = 309.77; MITH '4' 7046 1896 22 34 \$7.86FB = 309.71; SET END TO16 79 121 CODE FOR SINGLE PRECISION TO47 1869 25 SIMPLE VARIABLES POINTER TO TO47 1869 36 54 VARIABLE DECLARATION LD (\$7.8751), HL TO17 1869 36 54 VARIABLE DECLARATION LD (\$7.8751), HL TO (HL), \$8.44 4 TABLE !' AL- 7850 FD 253 LIKEWISE MITH END OF FROGRAM POINTER FOR TO	7004		78	120	AS END OF PROGRAM	7035		B1	177	GET TOP OF MEMORY
The color of the					PERCUED STADE OF ANNLY	7036		78	129	
7086	/805	1850	2A	42	RELUVER START OF (NULL)					
7007 78 120 \$7804 = 30804 7038 D6 214 POINTER TO NEXT AVAILABLE 7039 78 120 PLACE IN STRING SPACE 7049 1800 CD 205 \$1D91 = 7569: CALL \$1D91			HL,(#/884)	• / 1					34	#78D6 = 30934: LDAD
7808 1860 28 43 BACKSPACE TO 31464-LAST DEC HL 7089 1861 22 34 LOCATION IN COM. REGION 7041 91 145 CALL RESTORE ROUTINE TO CALL \$1091 7089 1861 22 34 LOCATION IN COM. REGION 7041 91 145 CALL RESTORE ROUTINE TO 7089 1861 78 120 PROGRAM START WHEN RUN 7042 10 29 PUT 31464 IN DATA POINTER 7080 1864 86 6 LOAD 26 CELLS IN COM.REG. 7044 F9 249 GET END OF BASIC PROGRAM- 7080 1864 86 6 LOAD 26 CELLS IN COM.REG. 7044 F9 249 GET END OF BASIC PROGRAM- 7080 1864 86 6 LOAD 26 CELLS IN COM.REG. 7044 F9 249 PREVIOUSLY SET TO 31467 7080 1866 21 33 TABLE, STARTING AT LD (\$78F8), HL 7081 1866 21 33 TABLE, STARTING AT LD (\$78F8), HL 7081 1866 21 33 TABLE, STARTING AT LD (\$78F8), HL 7081 7082 7084 78 120 SIMPLE VARIABLES POINTER 7081 1869 36 54 VARIABLE DECLARATION 10 (\$78F8), HL 7081 1869 36 54 VARIABLE DECLARATION 10 (\$78F8), HL 7081 1869 36 54 VARIABLE DECLARATION 10 (\$78F8), HL 7082 7089 120 23 4 \$78FD = 30973: 7084 1889 22 34 \$78FD = 30973: 7084 1889 CD 265 \$1091 = 7569; 7084 F9 249 GET END OF BASIC PROGRAM- 7084 1886 22 34 \$78FB = 30971: SET END 7084 788 120 EQUAL TO END OF PROGRAM- 7085 FD 253 LIKENISE WITH END OF 7085 FD 253 LIKENISE WITH END OF 7086 FD 253 LIKENISE WITH END OF 7087 7088 ARRAY VARIABLES POINTER			#4 70							
The color of the					1/884 = 30884					
DEC					DACKEDACE TO 748/4 LACT	7039		78		PLACE IN STRING SPACE
CALL \$1091 145 CALL RESTORE ROUTINE TO 7041 91 145 CALL RESTORE ROUTINE TO 7042 1D 29 PUT 31464 IN DATA POINTER TO 7041 7042 1D 29 PUT 31464 IN DATA POINTER TO 7041 7042 1D 29 PUT 31464 IN DATA POINTER TO 7041 7043 1803 2A 42 \$78F9 = 38969; LD HL, (\$78F9) 7012 1864 86 6 LDAD 26 CELLS IN COM.REG. 7045 78 120 PREVIOUSLY SET TO 31467 7045 78 120 PREVIOUSLY SET TO 31467 7045 78 120 PREVIOUSLY SET TO 31467 7046 1886 22 34 \$78FB = 30971; SET END 7046 1866 21 33 TABLE, STARTING AT LD (\$78FB), HL 7047 FB 251 SIMPLE VARIABLES POINTER 7047 7048 78 120 EQUAL TO END OF PROGRAM 7049 1889 7049 1889 7049 1889 7049 1889 7049				43	BHEKSPHEE IN 31464FH21					44004 7510
Today 1861 22 34 Location in Com. Region 7041 91 145 Call restore routine to 7042 1D 29 Put 31464 in Data Pointer 7010 DF 223 \$780F/EB IS POINTER TO 7042 1D 29 Put 31464 in Data Pointer 7011 78 120 Program Start Mhen Run 7043 1883 2a 42 \$78F9 = 38969; LD HL,(\$78F9) 7012 1864 06 6 Load 26 Cells in Com.reg. 7844 F9 249 Get end of Basic Program-7013 1a 26 For Variable Declaration 7045 78 120 Previously set to 31467 7013 1a 26 For Variable Declaration 7046 1886 22 34 \$78FB = 38971; Set Endown 7044 1866 21 33 Table, Starting at LD (\$78FB), HL LD HL, \$7901 7847 FB 251 Simple Variables Pointer 7015 01 1 \$7901 = 30977; MITH '4' 7048 78 120 Equal to end of Program 7016 79 121 Code for Single Precision 7049 1889 22 34 \$78FD = 30973; 7049 1869 36 54 Variable Declaration 7049 1889 22 34 \$78FD = 30973; 7049									205	#1NA1 = \29A;
7010 DF 223 \$78DF/EB IS POINTER 10	מממד	10/1	20	7.4	LOCATION IN COM REGION	CALL		#1041	145	CALL DESTONE DOUTING TO
7010	ל פוט / כו	1001	7470NE) UI	JŦ	LUCATION IN CON. REGION	7041		71 10	145	DUT TIALS IN DATA DOINTEL
7012 1864 06 6 LOAD 26 CELLS IN COM.REG. 7844 F9 249 GET END OF BASIC PROGRAM- LD B, \$1A 7045 78 120 PREVIOUSLY SET TO 31467 7013 1A 26 FOR VARIABLE DECLARATION 7046 1886 22 34 \$78FB = 30971: SET END 7014 1866 21 33 TABLE, STARTING AT LD (\$78FB), HL LD HL, \$7901 7047 FB 251 SIMPLE VARIABLES POINTER 7015 01 1 \$7901 = 30977: NITH '4' 7048 78 120 EQUAL TO END OF PROGRAM 7016 79 121 CODE FOR SINGLE PRECISION 7049 1889 22 34 \$78FD = 30973: 7017 1869 36 54 VARIABLE DECLARATION LD (\$78FD), HL LD (HL), \$804 7850 FD 253 LIKENISE WITH END OF 7018 04 4 TABLE ! AL- 7051 78 120 ARRAY VARIABLES POINTER	7010		DE .	223	#78DE/FR IS POINTER IO	/042			27	FUI 31464 IN DAIN FUINIER
7012 1864 06 6 LOAD 26 CELLS IN COM.REG. 7044 F9 249 GET END OF BASIC PROGRAM- LD B,\$1A 7045 78 120 PREVIOUSLY SET TO 31467 7013 1A 26 FOR VARIABLE DECLARATION 7046 1886 22 34 \$78FB = 30971: SET END 7014 1866 21 33 TABLE, STARTING AT LD (\$78FB), HL LD HL,\$7901 7047 FB 251 SIMPLE VARIABLES POINTER 7015 81 1 \$7901 = 30977: NITH '4' 7048 78 120 EQUAL TO END OF PROGRAM 7016 79 121 CODE FOR SINGLE PRECISION 10 (\$78FD), HL 7017 1869 36 54 VARIABLE DECLARATION LD (\$78FD), HL LD (HL),\$04 7050 FD 253 LIKENISE WITH END OF 7018 04 4 TABLE ! AL- 7051 78 120 ARRAY VARIABLES POINTER	7010		78	128						
TO B, \$1A TO 13 TA TO 14 TO 14 TO 14 TO 14 TO 15 TO 14 TO 16 TO 16 TO 16 TO 17 TO 17 TO 17 TO 18 T						10	1003	HL.(#78F9)	12	#/U/ / = 00/0/1
TO B, \$1A TO 13 TA TO 14 TO 14 TO 14 TO 14 TO 15 TO 14 TO 16 TO 16 TO 16 TO 17 TO 17 TO 17 TO 18 T	7012	1864	06	6	LDAD 26 CELLS IN COM.REG.	7944		F9	249	GET END OF BASIC PROGRAM-
7013 1A 26 FOR VARIABLE DECLARATION	LD		B,#1A			7945		78	120	PREVIOUSLY SET TO 31467
7014 1866 21 33 TABLE, STARTING AT LD (\$78FB), HL LD HL, \$7901				26	FOR VARIABLE DECLARATION					
7014 1866 21 33 TABLE, STARTING AT LD (\$78FB), HL LD HL, \$7901						7046	1886	22	34	#78FB = 30971: SET END
Total Tota	7014	1866	21	33	TABLE, STARTING AT	LD		(#78FB).HL		•
7015 01 1 \$7901 = 30977: NITH '4' 7048 78 120 EQUAL TO END OF PROGRAM 7016 79 121 CODE FOR SINGLE PRECISION 7049 1889 22 34 \$78FD = 30973: 7017 1869 36 54 VARIABLE DECLARATION LD (\$78FD), HL LD (HL), \$04 7850 FD 253 LIKEWISE WITH END OF 7018 04 4 TABLE! AL- 7051 78 120 ARRAY VARIABLES POINTER	LD		HL,#7901			7047		FB	251	SIMPLE VARIABLES POINTER
7816 79 121 CODE FOR SINGLE PRECISION	7915		81 -	1	#7901 = 30977: WITH '4'	7048		78	128	
7817 1869 36 54 VARIABLE DECLARATION LD (#78FD),HL LD (HL),#84 7850 FD 253 LIKEWISE WITH END OF 7818 84 4 TABLE! AL- 7851 78 128 ARRAY VARIABLES POINTER	7816		79	121	CODE FOR SINGLE PRECISION					
LD (HL),804 7850 FD 253 LIKEWISE WITH END OF 7818 84 4 TABLE ! AL 7851 78 120 ARRAY VARIABLES POINTER						7049	1889	22	34	#78FD = 30973:
7018 04 4 TABLE ! AL 7051 78 120 ARRAY VARIABLES POINTER		1869								
	LD		(HL), #04		TABLE IF AL	7850		FD	253	LIKEWISE WITH END OF
						7851				

IPL SEQUENCE DECODING CONTINUED . . 27/26

CALLED FROM #				to		C3 \$3E37	195	
13444 3484	CD	285	#3FA8 = 16268: TO CHECK	13478		3/	5 5	
FSH	\$ ⊊ 60			1.5479		3 E	62	
15445	AÐ	160	IF CTRL KEY WAS HELD DOWN WHEN VI WAS SWITCHED ON		======	=======================================	====	
13446	3F 	6 5	WHEN VI WAS SWITCHED UN	15007	::::::::	77	50	
17447 3497	3F	47	32 IS BREEN SCREEN CORE	13727	35.37	187870).A	30	•
LD	A,\$20	• • •	AT 10 BUTTU BRUTTU BART	15928		70	125	\$787D = 32845: LOAD THE
13448	20	32	32 IS GREEN SCREEN CODE	15929		78	128	INTERRUPT EXIT IN THE
17110 7120	7.7	5.0	#7938 = 33779: 1040 GREEN	15939	TETA	₹ F	62	COM. REGION WITH RET CODE
LD	(#7838),A		SCREEN CODE INTO 30779	LD		A,#18		
13450	3B	5 9	SCREEN CODE INTO 30779	15931		19	16	16 IS CODE FOR YELLOW
	70		41 00 1 04B 170/ TNTO	15932	3E3C	32	50	#7846 = 30790: PUT YELLOW
13452 348U	52 /#4000\ A	26	ALSO LOAD '32' INTO	LD 15077		(¥/UŦ&),A	70	CODE IN GRAPHIC CHARACTER
17457	(#06W3),H	g	#48@@ = 244?4	15934		78	128	COLOR STORE
13454	68	184	ALSO LOAD '32' INTO					
-				15935	3E3F	C 9	291	RETURN TO #FF
	35	62		RET				
LD	A,∄3C 3C	/ 0						
)t			=====		============		
13457 3491	32	50	\$783A = 30 778: LOAD					
LD								
13458			MITH .99.					
	78							
	3.5		16 IS CURSOR FLASH COUNT					
LD		٠.	19 10 bollogii i Chair boom	CALLED	FROM #:	1850		
	10	16						
				7672	1DF3		175	ZERO ACCUMULATOR
13462 3496	32	50	#7841 = 30785: PUT COUNT	XOR		A		
LD	(≇/841),A	, =	IN CURSOR FLASH COUNTER			70	5 0	47610 + 71887.
13463	4± 70	120	RANGE 16 TO 1	10/3	וישעו	(#791B),A	JU	1/71D - J10U3:
19707		120	MANOL 10 10 1	7674		18	27	SET TRACE FLAG IN COM.
13465 3499	AF	175	ZERO ACCUMULATOR	7675		79	121	
IOR	A							
	32			7676 RET	1DFC	C9	201	RETURN TO #18F3
13400 347H	32 (\$765F) A	70					=====	
LD 13467	AF	175	\$7AAF = 31407: ZERO THIS					
13468	7A	122	LOCATION IN COM. REGION					
	21							
LD	HL,₹/HBZ	178	#7AB2 = 31418					
134/0	82 7A	122	1/802 - 31710					
13472 3488	22	34						
L9								
13473	B0		#7AB8 = 31488: LOAD 31419					•
17174								
	7A		INTO 31408/9					
			INTO 31408/9					
13475 34A3	3E		INTO 31408/Y					
	3E A,∄C9		INTO 31408/Y					

JALL		#798B		#7988 = 31163: BOS EXIT		1BA8	67 Н,А	103	THEN ZERO
7054	==::::===	56 79 ========	121	IN COMMUNICATIONS REGION IPL INITIALISED TO RET		1549		111	HL REGISTERS
'GP		C1 BC			7082	1BAA	32	50	178DC = 30940:
7 0 56 .D	1370	2A HL.(178A9)	42		7983 7984		78	220 120	ZERO 'FOR' STATEMENT FLAG
7858		A0 78	160	BOUNDARY OF STRING SPACE	7685		E5		
ŒĈ.				DECREMENT THICE AND PUT	7886	1BAE	C5		
7050		28		RESULT IN BACKSPACED		18AF		42	\$78DF = 30943:
7061 CD	1895	(\$78EB), HL	34	STACK ADDRESS STORE	LD 7088 7089		HL,(#78DF) DF 78	223 120	#78DF = 30943: GET START ADDRESS OF PROGRAM WHEN RUN (31464)
7963		E8 78 		₹ 78E8 = 36952			C9		
INC		HL		INCREMENT		:======	=======================================	:2522	
7065 INC	1999	HL	35	TWICE TO RESTORE ORIGINAL					
7066 LD	189A	SP,HL	249	VALUE AND PUT THIS IN					
7967	1898	21 HL,#78B5		280 STACK POINTER					
			181 120	REGISTER					
7970 LD	1.69E	22 (#7883),HL	34	#78B3 = 30899: THEN PUT					
7871 7872		B3 78	179 120	IN PUINTER TO LITERAL STRING POOL: INITIALISED					
CALL	.:BA1	CD #838B	205	10388 = 907: TO SET					
7074 7075		88 83	139	OUTPUT DEVICE TO VIDEO	•				
7076 Call	LBA4	CD \$2169	205	#2169 = 8553: ALSO SETS					
7077 7078 =====		69 21	195 33 =====	OUTPUT DEVICE TO VIDED SOME REDUNDANCY HERE					
7079 XOR		AF A	175	ZERO ACCUMULATOR					

IPL SEQUENCE DECODING CONTINUED . . 27/28

CALLED FROM \$3484: SUBROUTINE TO CHECK IF (CTRL) WAS PRESSED WHEN VZ SWITCHED ON

16288 3F48	3A A,(\$68FD)	58	#:3FD = 24877
16289	•	253	GET BYTE FROM ROW ADDRESS IN KEYBOARD MATRIX
16290	68	184	THAT INCLUDES CTRL KEY
16291 3FA3	CB		
BIT	2 ,A		
16292	57		CHECK FOR PRESS OF (CTRL) WHILE VZ IS BEING SWITCHED ON :
16293 3FA5 LD	3E A,#20	62	LOAD ACCUMULATOR WITH DARK SPACE CHARACTER CODEDARK CHARACTER FOR LIGHT SCREEN
16294	20	32	THIS IS A PEEK/POKE CODE
16295 3FA7 JR	20 NZ,\$ +3	32	JUMP TO 16305 IF (CTRL) IS NOT BEING PRESSED
16296 ==========	98	8	BIT 2 OF 26877 WILL BE ZERO IF (CTRL) IS PRESSED
16297 3FA9 OR			COTRL> PRESSED, SO CHANSE CODE TO '96'
16298	40	64	WHICH IS LIGHT SPACE CHARACTER CODE AND DARK SCREEN CODE
16299 3FAB LD	32 (#7818),A	50	\$7818 = 30744: LOCATIONS 30744/5 IN COMMUNICATIONS RESIGN WERE INITIALLY LOADED
16366	18	24	WITH ZERO BYTES AT START OF IPL SEQUENCE
16391	78 	120	CHANGE SCREEN FLAG TO DARK, SINCE (CTRL) WAS PRESSED
163 8 2 3 FAE LD	32 (‡ 7819),A	58	#7819 = 38745: CHANGE SCREEN CHARACTER FLAG TO LIGHT
16303	19	25	LIGHT CHARACTERS ON A DARK SCREEN
16384	78	120	
163 0 5 3F81 LD	32 (#783C),A	5∂	AND LOAD CURSOR CHARACTER STORE IN COMMUNICATIONS REGION WITH
16396	30	68	SPACE CHARACTER CODE
16307	78	120	\$783C = 38788
16308 3FB4	C3		
JP	#81C9		
16389	C9	201	#81C9 = 457:
16319	81	1	JUMP TO ROUTINE TO CLEAR SCREEN, HOME CURSOR AND SELECT MODE(8)
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